WHEELING. WEST VA., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 28, 1878.

The Intelligencer.

Lasz Anderson, a prominent capital-ist of Cincinnati, and a brother of Major Anderson, died in that city yesterday

THE United States Treasurer destroyed \$402,400 in greenbacks yesterday on account of \$615,500 being issued the

THE name of James A. Lee has been lorwarded to the President, strongly en sel, for Collector of the Port of New eans, in place of General Anderson

to this city. He reports business

eday reported the bill providing for the ment of \$150,000 to the Bank Agency the Methodist Episcopal Church, South

on that the President will veto the Sitat in to morrow. The bill will in all many of them in such position that they t aside. One thing is certain Mr will not surrender the patronage ato the hands of Congressmen in order

or to the Nineteenth Century of article entitled "England as a Military The following are his conclu-Were war declared to-morrow about four hundred thousand drilled men would fall into line, if required, supfield guns, manned and horsed by roy at home. 99,000 men; army and lunteers, 185,000; and second class

General Anderson.

erable interest, not only in Louisi lease at every stage of the trial called attention to and argued all points that could make the case one for the United States Courts. Thus far no method of interference by the United States Courts has been discovered, until it can be car ried up to the Supreme Court of the State, and has been appealed to the Su preme Court of the United States The first step in the inquiry ha brought out the fact that under the tisiana laws there can be no interference by the Courts after sentence and during consideration of motions for new trial, or any similar motion, while these are under consideration, the pris oner must remain in jail. So under these laws it will be impossible to releas Anderson, except by pardon from Gov. Nicholis, until the case has been carried up to the Supreme Court of the State. Il then an appeal is taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, the prosecu ting lawyers of Louisiana hold that the tenced man must remain in jail until a final decision is reached. Upon this point lawyers are not yet fully clear, and it is possible that a decision may be given, when reached, that a writ of super sedens from the Supreme Court of United States may discharge a prisoner

THE Baltimore American says: Th New York Herald has made another feeble attempt to get up a rumor that som body contemplates contesting the title of Mr. Hayes to the Presidential chair. The much talked of que varante seems to have been abandoned, and the new move-ment is to begin with the issuing of a "writed outser." It may be incidently mentioned that the Herald credits its in-formation monthis subject to one of its formation monthis, and best to one of its formation upon this subject to one of its real or imaginary correspondents in Indiana, who may be a very shrewd person, but he evidently is not a lawyer. The Indiana despatch was submitted by a Hend man to Judge Noah Davis, who very gravely informed the interviewer that there is no such a process known to the law as "a writ of ouster." A judgement of ouster may be entered in a case where the right to hold an office is being tested, but it is the end and not the bening of the proceeding. There must first be a writ of gue marranto or some statutory process for bringing the defend-statutory process for bringing the defendton upon this subject to one of it t be a writ of quo marranto or som utory process for bringing the defend into court and compelling his defend his title. If he falls then the

Benwood Tencher's Institute.

BENWOOD, February 27. The Institute was called to order by Superintendent Wirt. S. G. Brock was elected Vice President and Miss Jane

Anderson. It was further discussed by

Anterson. It was in the reactions was large. Measrs, Brock, Warden, Bonar and others. The discussion of queries followed and was engaged in by nearly all present. After select reading by the County Superintendent, subject: "Borishoola Gha." diourned to meet at 4 o'clock. P M.

ent and the prospects are that the Insti-

AFTERNOON.

After calling to order, the first exercise was History of the United States. The subject was opened by W. M. Wirt.

He gave his different plans of teaching history by calling a class from the teachers present. Nearly all the teachers respended, though some few did not do so. The most interesting part of the exercise was the representation of historical characters by a member of the class, while the other members would name the character. After the description was given some member of the class would name the character. This is surely a good exercise for the school room.

The next in order was Arithmetic to primary classes, in which F. H. Crago gave his plans of teaching the fundamental rules without the book. The great

teaching it.

A goodly number of citizens were present in the alternoon, all of whom seemed to be interested in all they heard. The school building in which the Institute is held is an honer to the town of Benwood, and from the appearance of the

Method of Terching Algebra.....

On motion of L. G. Brock, the State Superintendent is hereby invited to be present with us either to-morrow or next day and deliver an address to the teacher.

Visionary Friends. or the Intelligencer. "I dreamed last night that I had thre

friends. How crazy we are in our sleep! Also that I was gathering innumerable pieces of gold and silver from a stream of crystal water, but as soon as my hand touched them they were changed into tiny pebbles. How striking, I thought woke. Surely our friends are lik tures them so true and metalic, but re plunge down into the depths of the sympathetic just as we think we posses and need the friendship most. Again thought: How true to life it was that should dream I had three friends while not to touch. So long as we can point with our little tinger to a future inheritance, we have no lack of bowing, cring. the pure in heart." Gail Hamilton says a woman cannot sfford to be rude—not afford to be rude—not afford to be rude. Put the simple label "heiress" to \$10,000 on her brow and she may be as rude as she pleases. Schiller says we are to put into life the beautiful but not to seek it there, and again—

"In your own heart's silent recric chambers, Must that the from hife's bay throng, Freedom reiges but in the realins of arraming, And the beautiful but lives in song."

Dear, noble Schiller, it is not some the control of the contro Dear, noble Schiller, it is not many wi ave so much of the beautiful to put into

ife as he had. ANNIE CHARLESWORTH.

Lamp Explosion. Last Night's Steubenville Herald

Last night about 9:30 o'clock Mr Frank Ridgely, clerk in Joseph Beatty's drug store, closing the store for the night, was in the act of blowing out a large street lamp which had been in use large street lamp which had been in use in the store, when it suddenly exploded with terrific force, stunning Mr. Ridgely and knocking him backwards about six feet, and would have fallen had he not caught on the shelving. A piece of the glass entered his left eye, cutting a gash a quarter of an inch long on the ball, inflicting a very dangerous and painful wound. Large pieces of the lamp globe, which was nearly a quarter of an inch in thickness, flew some fifteen or twenty feet, to the opposite end of the room. The flames from the burning oil ignited the wooden work in the store, room. The flames from the burning of ignited the wooden work in the store and for a time a conflagration was imm nent, but the flames were fortunately ex tinguished without serious damage being

WHEELING, Feb. 27, 1878,

Editors Intelligencer:
A very simple and proper question wa asked yesterday.
Mr. J. F. Carroll favors you this morn

Mr. J. F. Carroll favors you this morning with a communication, but no reply, and asserts that "private acusations have been made by certain Christians against the gentlemen of the conference."

The assertion on his part that the funds were or would be given to the Poor of the City would probably silence any accusations and remove any erroceous impressions. If the funds are designed only for the benefit of one denomination the public have the right in know. have the right to know. The sarcasm contained in the com-munication is too heavy to permit MANY.

Drowned in the Lake.

CLEVELAND, February 27,—Mrs. J. H. A. Bone, wife of the associate and literary editor of the Cleveland Herald, was drowned in the lake this afternoon while laboring under a fit of melancholy from which she had been suffering for many days.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

He is playing a desperate game to that end. He is at the bottom of the New Anderson Secretary.

W. M. Warden and Misses H. Virginia
Whitesides, Flora Osborne, Mary McCabe and India Evans were appointed a

Cabe and India Evans were appointed a

Canorass. His object in this to taint Hayes' title. On the 4th of March, 1879, he calculates the Democrats will have a majority in both houses of Canorass. His object in this to taint Hayes' title. Tilden as President. This would be rev

Tilden has not given up the hope o

olutionary, but Tilden was in favor o revolution when the Electoral vote was counted in 1877. That would not stop him. Being in, he would use the patron-age of the government to force his nomi-nation in 1880.

There are several things in the way of There are several things in the way of this scheme. In the first place, a large majority of leading Democrats do not want anything more of Tilden. They are tired of him. In the next place, the House upon which he depends is to be elected this fall, and will, in all probability, be Republican. Thirdly, any party that would attempt such a revolutionary achieme would be overwhelming-

bone and North Carolina for him against a majority of the legal voters in those States; compensate Eph. Holland for his sufferings in jail on account of the frauds committed in his behalf in this county; candidly admit that but for corruption Conneciout, New Jersey and New York would have voted for Hayes, and thus prepare for his appearance at the judgment seat, where his scheming and his crimes are duly reported. Tilden should not be deluded by modern theorists into the belief that there is no hell. He should rather heed the ories of the blood of murdered thousands that ascend day and answer for his wickedness, but he will never be President of the United States, through revolution or the ballot box. Henry Watterson, even, would not mare hall his handred thousand Kentweand Kentwickins.

Views of Professor Huxley on the New System of Cramming. Above all things, let my imaginary pupil have preserved the freshness and vigor of youth in his mind as well as his body. The educational abomination of desolation of the present day is a stimulation of young people to work at high pressure by incessant competitive examinations

to other true of the dampy characteristics who are forced to rise-to-early in their classes. They are conceited all the fore-moon of life, and stupud all its afternoon. The vigor and freshness which should have been stored up for the purposes the hard struggle for existence in practical life have been washed out of them by the control of the proposes.

with anything above mere details, will a well, now and again, to let his brain 1 fallow for a space. The next crop thought will be fuller than the fuller of the space of the space of the space.

name of Kate E. Lyon, and a warrant for her adjudication has been issued. The proceedings are taken in order to relieve herself from liabilities on the deficiency on mortgages held by her on behalf of her husband, Dore Lyon, and in which he never had any real interest, and from the liability on the notes made by her husband was discharged from his liability by going through bankruptey last year. The liabilities are nominally \$65,000, but on his amounts she is directly responsible for only \$5,100, this balance being a joint his authors the individual of the control of the deficiency on the mortgages are John L. Hernandez, \$15,000. Mandattal Life insurance Company, and Trustees of the Scotch Presbyterian Church, \$5,000. the state of James W. Wilson, \$9,000, and the unsecured creditors for the deficiency are George S. Diosey, \$9,731, and E. Randolph Robinson, \$5,000. The unsecured creditors on notes indorsed by her are Eliza Martinez, \$6,000. Margaret M. Palmer, \$5,000, Josephine M. Cone, \$1,163. The other creditors are John A. Balestier, \$3,000, A. M. Palmer, \$1,600; S. M. Cone, \$900 Assets are estimated at about \$8,500, consisting of cash and the lady's wardrobe and theatrical paraphermalis. An injunction has been granted against the Sheriff and Messra. Diossy and Robinson, restraining them from taking any further proceedings toward collecting their judgments and proceedings in the State Courts.

Turned States Evidence.

Turned States Evidence.
Columnia, S. C., February 27. — Miles
G. Parker, ex State Treasurer, has been
released from jail on his own recognizance. He has given evidence implicating former associates in office and surrendered documentary proof against them.
In consideration of such testimony he is
accepted as a State's witness in the future
prosecutions and allowed his freedom.

Decline of State Bonds.

New Oblians, February 27.—State Consols lower, closing weak at 834. The decline was caused by the fear that the Legislature will pass a bill authorising the issue \$2,000,000 additional railroad bonds and the belief that the Moffet register scheme will fail of adoption.

Settled Their Losses CINCIRNATI, February 27.—Beft, Miller & Co., whose stock of dry goods was damaged by fire and water some three weeks ago and insured for \$90,000, have settled their losses, receiving 50 per cent, or \$45,000.

Shows a Deficit. POTISVILLE, PA., February 27.-A:

mining and express agent at Ashland shows a deficit.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

WASHINGTON.

Currency Amendment. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The House Banking and Currency Committee has decided to recommend the insection of additional provisions in the bill for the substitution of Treasury notes, for the National bank notes. The new feature provides that the Treasury notes shall be receivable for one-third of any one payment of the customs duties. The remaining two-thirds to be paid in gold or new silver dollars. These Treasury notes are also to be made interchangeable with the four per cent bonds at par.

The Senate Committee on claims, tc-lay decided by a majority of one, to report the bill providing for the payment of \$150,000 to the book agency of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, for the occupation of its building at Nashville, during the war. The claim calls for about \$450,000.

ters to credit that if the President does

TARIFF MATTERS.

should be performed.

The President has approved the House bill entitled an act for the relief of the Eagle and Phonix Manufacturing Com-

WILL BE APPOINTED CONSUL Marshall H. Twitchell, of Louisiana, who was wounded in an affair at Cou-shatta and lost both of his arms, will be appointed Consul at Kingston, Canada.

FIRE RECORD. Cotton Mills Burned.

Augusta, Ga., February 27.—The Globe Cotton Mills burned to-day. Loss, \$30, 000; insurance, \$5,000.

MINE PIRE. WILE ESBARRE, PA., February 27.—
The head house and machinery at the No.
2 slope of the Susquehanna Coal Com-pany, burned this morning. The miners escaped through the outlet only completed last week.

Ohio Legislature. Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, February 27.—In the Senate, a communication was received from the Governor nominating II. D. Peck and John C. Morris to be Trustees of the Long View Asylum. They were confirmed. The mames of haze G. Pectsy of Madison, Charles M. Rosse of Ottuwa S. S. Warner of Loraine, Daniel McConville of Jefferson, and A. D. Heffaer of Franklin, were sent in as Directors of the Franklin, were sent in as Directors of the Penitentiary. These nominations were

referred.

The Committee on Elections unsnimously reported that Baker, the Demoeratic contestant for the seat held by cratic contestant for the seat held by Cartis, Republican, as Senator from Cuy-ahoga county, had made no case, and hence Curtis was entitled to hold his seat. The report was unanimously agreed to.

Marine Intelligence

San Faancisco, February 27.—Arrived—Steamer Calma from Panama.
New York, February 27.—Arrived—Steamer Wyoming, from Liverpool.
San Francisco, February 27.—Arrived—Steamer City of New York, from Sydney, via Honolulu, bringing the Brit-ish mail.

iab mail.

London, February 27.—Steamers Vic-toria, from New York, and Baltimore, from Baltimre, arrived out.

BALTIMORE, February 27.—Arrived— Steamers Graf and Bismarck, from Bre-

Spicide of a Texas Merchant. LITTLE ROCK, February 27.—Joseph Newman, a merchant of Harney, Texas, who arrived in this city yesterday, com-mitted suicide last night by taking strychnine. No apparent reason was signed for the act. He left many kind messages to the act. He left man

Thrown from the Track.

Thrown from the Track.

Sr. Louis, February 27.—The East bound passenger train on the Indianapolis & St. Louis road last night struck a broken rail near Hillsboro, Ill., throwing the sleeper from the track and rolling it down an embankment. The passengers were badly shaken and bruised, and Conductor Orliff received painful injuries.

CONGRESSIONAL,

The Life Saving Service --- Its Disgraceful Inefficiency.

The Long Bonds for the People

WASHINGTON, February 27. Mr. Hoar presented a petition of the citizens of Cape Cod, remonstrating against the passage of Sargent's bill to organize a coast guard and life saving

discipline would improve the ser

BILL FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF CAPITOL

Mr. Davis, from the Committee on Pub-lic Buildings and Grounds, reported a bill for continuing the work of improving the Capitol grounds, and asked for its present consideration, which led to som discussion, during which Mr. Conkling aske of the recented changes which has spoke of the repeated changes which had been made in improving the Capitol grounds, He said that if the late Board of Public Works in Washington—that

what he had seen done in the vicinity of this building, his impression was that the country would not be big enough to hold the noise. The bill passed.

The Chair laid before the Senate House bill to amend Section 4778 of the Revised Statutes, which provides that whenever there shall be a vacanor in the office of pension agent, by death, resignation or delay in qualifying after appointment, the President may, if he deems it necessary, appoint some person to perform the duties of pension agent for a period not exceeding sixty days, or until the vacancy can be filled in the regular way.

In explanation, Mr. Ingalls said the Pennion Agency at New York became vacant by the resignation of Col. Howe. General Coster has been appointed, but failed to give the required bond of \$250,000. The payment of pensions at New York city should begin Monday next, and the object of the bill was to allow temporary appointments and payments to be made then.

Mesers, Conking and Edmunds objected to the passage of the bill on the ground that it would virtually place in the hands of the President the appointment of Pension Agenta throughout the country without the advice and consent of the Senate.

After some farther discussion the bill was laid aside for the present.

LONG BOND.

The consideration was then resumed of the unfinished business, being the bill to authorize a long bond for the investment of savings.

Mr. Wallace explained the provisions of the bill at length. He said: There are two purposes in the bill. One to provide a fund for the investment of the earnings of the poorer classes. The argument for this is the insolvency of the savings banks, so recent and wide spread. The remedy seems to be in a vise use of our public debt as a fund for that purpose. The other purpose is to initiate a policy of the diffusion of the public debt among our people—a popular loan at a low rate of interest, to run 50 years—to eace the burden of taxes and keep our surplus earnings at home. It authorizes ayadicates and appeals to our own people; it looks beyond national banks and finds an anchor for public faith with the people themselves.

The banks and finds an anchor for public faith with the people themselves.

The area of two purposes in the bill was a waste of the carried to the control of the

hen?
Mr. Ingalls—I do not know.
Mr. Blaine—Then the Senator only mow one-half the case.
Mr. Ingalls—That's more than you

know.

St. Louis February 27.—The East bond passenger train on the Indianapolis & St. Louis read last night struck a broken rail near Hillsboro, Ill., throwing flee sleeper from the track and rolling it down an embankment. The passengers were badly shaken and broised, and Conductor Orliff received painful injuries.

Funds for the Destitute.

San Francisco, February 27.—James R. Keene telegraphs from New York of moments and conductor Orliff seceived painful injuries.

Funds for the Destitute.

San Francisco, February 27.—James R. Keene telegraphs from New York for months and could not give his bond. Now the Senator from Kanasa comes in with a bill for his relief, the churches and relief societies engaged in relieving distress among the destitute poor pensioners to go hungry.

Mr. Biaine, continuing, said there were more than 20 Senators on this floor who could name men in New York of either ary two could have given the required by the committee rose and the House adjourned.

Vetoedjby the Governor.

RICHMOND, February 27.—Governor set the middle service relorm, who had been hawking round which we should not lead to the senator from Kanasa comes in with a bill for his relief, the trons attempt was made in the House to objected to any special legislation to give an officer more time to file his bond.

Mr. Kernan appealed to the Senator to go hungry.

Mr. Biaine—On whose steps would that responsibility lie?

Mr. Har spoke in favor of the passage of the bill, and argued that it was the only thing that could be done, as a new Friday.

confirmed and give bond better continued.

Mr. Eaton said the President of the United States had a duty to perform. He could name a dozen men of New York, Democrats and Republicans, who could have given bond in the sum of \$250,000 in an hour. If the President of the United States would do his duty, the Senate would do its duty, and a pension agent could be nominated and confirmed before the end of this week.

Mr. Withers said, as the President had been castigated enough, he hoped the

the end of this week.

Mr. Withers said, as the President had been castigated enough, he hoped the Senate would now pass the bill, as he desired to have the pensioners paid next week, when the pensions became due.

Mr. Ingalls said the Senator from New York, with something of an extraordinary supercilliusness in his demeanor, remarked that if this was not the Senate Chamber he would say it was an arrant humbug to talk about poor pensioners as an excuse for passing the bill. He (Ingalls) would say that if this was not the Senate Chamber he should regard that remark as applied to him as very offensive and unwarranted. The partiality of the Senate had confided a trust by making him chairman of the Committee on Pensions, and he did not propose to betray that trust. The interests of the pensioners were to some extent entrusted to him, and he would attend to them. There were but three days between now and the 4th of March, and a new Pension Agent could not be appoint time. In urging this on the new Pension Agent could not be appoint ed in that time. In urging this on the

ensioners. Mr. Withers said he was a member of Mr. Withers said he aas a member of the Committee on Pensions. He had tried to discharge his duty; and notwithstanding the sneers of the Senator from New York he proposed to continue to discharge it. Whether he (Withers) had rushed with hot haste to the relief of the President was a matter of too little importance for the Senate to bother about. He did not allude to the Senator from New York (Conkling) when he spoke of the President having been castigated, because the feelings of that Senator towards the President were well known.

The amendment of Mr. Sargent was agreed to, and the bill read the third time and passed; yeas, 48; nays, 8. Mr. Edmunds called up the House bill

Mr. Edmunds called up the Housebill to authorize a special term for the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Mississippi, to be held at Scranton, Jackson county, with the understanding that it should be considered to morrow, subject to call for the regular order being a bill to authorize the long bond which remains as unfinished business.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

The bill authorising the President to review the Court Martial proceedings of 1854 in the case of Surgeon General Hammond, and to annul the same and place Dr. Hammond on the retired list as Surgeon General, but without giving him any right to the past, present or future pay or allowances, was passed without debate.

ture pay or allowances, was passes, out debate.

The Senate bill amending the act providing for the publication of the new edition of the Bevised Statutes, was taken from the Speaker's table and passed.

Mr. Chittenden offered a resolution directing the judiciary committee to inquire whether the Union Pacific Kailroad Company has invested lis funds in stocks, bonds or other evidences of debt of any other corporation, and if so, in what corporation, and whether the said Union Pacific Company has violated its charters by so doing. Referred.

That whenever during a session of the dillars a month for having fought for the contry. It is bill were to pass, of pension agent by reason of resignation, death or removal, or expiration of term of office, or when any such agent lawfully appointed shall fail to qualify and assume the duties of such office, the President may, when public exigency requires it designate any officer of the United States to perform the duties of said office, but such designation shall not be for longer than twenty days. Any such officer so designated shall give bond, if required by the President, for the faithful discharge of said duties. The foregoing provisions shall apply to any vacancy now existing.

Mr. Sargent submitted the following as an amendment: And the Secretary of the Interior shall allow, in the settlement of the accounts of such officer, the necessary expenses incurred by him in the discharge of his duties under such at. After a lengthy discussion as to the legal bearings of the proposed measure, Mr. Ingalls said that he understood the legal bearings of the proposed measure, Mr. Ingalls said that the understood the been President of the United States, and the pension agent had failed to give bond for the period of three weeks, he would have concluded that he could not give bond and would have nominated some other period of three weeks, he would have concluded that this bill was an attempt to cover up by general statute the specific failure, of an officer to put in his bond, and no such case ever occurred before when the pension agent was not ready to perform his duty.

Mr. Ingalls—Ho not know.

Mr. Blaine—How were pensions, and the pension agent was not ready to perform his duty.

Mr. Blaine—How were pensions, and the pension agent was not ready to perform his duty.

Mr. Blaine—How were pensions paid then?

Mr. Blaine—How were pensions, and the pension agent was not ready to perform his duty.

Mr. Blaine—How were pensions, and the pension agent was in the model of the House toward the solution was in the model of the which was very suspicious—very. The bill was a blow calculated to strike at the vitals of the people, and he opposed

Mr. Ingalis—That's more than you in the form of the bill, and then, without action, the committee rose and the House adjourned.

FOREIGN NEWS.

WAR NOTES.

PERA, February 27.—Peace negotia-tions are progressing slowly. The boun-daries of Bulgaria have not been fixed and the question of indemnity has not been entered upon. The Russian troops have advanced to Zeitenburnon, 300 yards

England is prepared to respond by en-tering the Black Sea.

LONDON, February 27.—It is rumored in the House of Commons that Lord Der-ny has resigned in consequence of impor-tant steps resolved upon by the Cabinet. The Channel Squadron has arrived at

Malta.

In the House of Commons this after-noon the Colonial marriage bill, opposed by the government, was adopted—182 to

by the government, was adopted—182 to 161.

It is rumored in the lobby of the House of Commons that Lord Derby has resigned in consequence of important steps taken by the Cabinet.

A private telegram from Australia states that the deficiency in wool shipments to date is 57,000 bales.

The Times in its leader says: "The struggle is between Count Andrassy's policy of the maintenance of Austrian interests, as heretofore declared, and the temptations offered by Russia to counterbalance those interests."

Galarz, February 27.—The Russians have proposed to the Danubian Convention that the latter undertake the work of claiming Sulina at the mouth of the Danubian Sulina at the mouth of the Danubian Convention that the latter undertake the work of claiming Sulina at the mouth of the Danubian Sulina at the mouth of the Danubian Convention that the latter undertake the work of claiming Sulina at the mouth of the Danubian Convention that the structure of the convention t

Danube.

The afternoon papers announce prominently that it has been decided to employ Lord Napier as Commander inchief of any expedition force that may be sent out in case of war, with Maj. Gen. Wolstey as Chief of Staff.

COLLISION AT SEA.

The Inman Line steamship City of New York, which arrived at Queenstown yesterday, from Liverpool, in a collision sank the brig Lauretta, off Tuskar rock, on Wednesday. One person drowned.

London, February 23.—The Standard says: We are enabled to state that the rumors of Lord Derby's resignation are utterly unfounded.

The Standard, in a leader, says: All that is really implied by the action of Lord Napier, of Magdala, as Commander in Chief, and Sir Garnett Woolsey, as his Chief Staff, is that the terms of peace, if unmodified, can not be sanctioned by England. We have been brought face to face with war by the arrogant and agface with war by the arrogant and gressive conduct of Russia.

VIENNA, February 27.—A correspondent who is partially in sympathy with Count Andrasy, says: The Peace at any price party cannot prevent the government from carrying a vote of credit through the Delegation and Reichsrath; but if they should succeed in balking the government and its policy, the government would resign.

Another correspondent says: There is not much probability that Austria will do more than protest against the terms of peace, whatever their character may be.

VIENNA, February 27.—A dispatch from Constantinople says it appears that Russia and Turkey have agreed on an increase of territory for Servia, and Montenegro. The latter nequires parts of Spizza, Antivari and Dulcigno, but not Scutari, Montenegro will border on Servia, and the latter will regain old Servia.

Berlin, February 27.—The National Zeitung cordially welcomes Bayard Tay-or's appointment as United States Minia-ter to Germany as one conterring honor on Germany and America alike, and is

PARIS, February 27.—A telegram from Bucharest says: Austria and England oppose the retrocession of Bessarlis, and France and Italy support them, and it is that Germany has counselled Russia to renounce her claims, but Russia seems determined to resist.

ITALY.

No Politics, it You Please. Rome, February 27.-The Pope has intimated a desire that pilgrims abstain rom any special allusion to politics in heir addresses to him.

Vanderbilt Will Case. de6-deodaweow

Vanderbilt Will Case.

New York, February 27.—In the Vanderbilt will case to-day a motion was made to amend the original allegation of the contestant, Mrs. Le Ban, that said pretended will and codicil were procured by undue influence by W. H. Vanderbilt and others. She says that from motives of delicacy she did not wish to bring in the names of Mrs. Frank A. Vanderbilt and Mrs. M. A. Crawford as having exercised undue influence on the decedent, but she has since obtained sufficient proof of it and now desires leave decedent, but she has since obtained sufficient proof of it and now desires leave to allege undue influence by them. Mr. Clinton put in a certified answer that the allegation of undue influence is unqualifiedly false. The answer was accompanied by affidayits from Mrs. F. A. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Crawford absolutely denying that they had exercised any undue influences. The motion to amend was availed.

Case Decided.

MEMPHIS, February 27.—In the U. S.
District Court to-day, the case of Chatfield and Woods, of Cincinnati, against
Boyle and Chapman, late booksellers and
printers, for \$30,000, was decided in favor
of the defendants. The piaintiffs saught
to show that Jeff Davis was a partner in
the firm, which had become dissolved,
and saught to make him liable. Proof
showed that Davis simply loaned the
firm \$25,000.

New Oaleans, February 27.—The Brit-ish ship Tornado, with a cargo of 5,100 bales of cotton, previously reported burning, is now in the hands of the U.S. Marshal. She had been filled with water. Divers are at work getting out the cargo, and six towboats are pumping her out.

NEW YORK, February 27.—J. C. Clinton & Co., proprietor of the blackboard office or bucket shop, suspended. None of the firm has been at the office to-day. This is one of the numerous concerns for transacting stock speculations on the French pool system, allowing investments of five dollars or upwards on the margin of one per cent. Important Law Suit.

Business Embarrassments.

ITHACA, N. Y., February 27.—Andrew McChain & Co., book sellers, paper mak-ers and printers, have assigned. Liabil-

LONDON, February 27.—Edward Shaw

& Co., yarn merchants and spinners, o Belfast and Celbridge, Ireland, failed Liabilities \$500,000.

Liabilities \$500,000.

Wm. H. Lyons & Co., butter merchants and exporters, and Sutton & Co., coal and shipping merchants, of Cork, failed. Liabilities respectively £40,000 and £80,000.

ers and printers, have assig ities about \$75,000.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Two weeks ago, the case of the suit against Ex-Gauger in the case of the suit against Ex-Gauger Cullerton's bondsmen, brought by the Government to recover the amount of damages caused by irregularities on the part of Cullerton, as Gauger, Judge Bladgett decided that the Presidential perdon of Cullerton covered this case and that the bondsmen were not liable. This was at variance with Judge Drummond's ruling on similar points, and as the question involved the cases of Ex-Gaugers Hildreth and Waterman, the U.S. District Attorney laid the matter before Attorney General Devens. Instructions were received to-day that the case would be appealed from Judge Bladgett to the U.S. Supreme Court, and District Attorney Bangs will accordingly carry it up. Government regards these cases as very important, not only in point of money

mportant, not only in point of money at in point of law. Weather Indications. WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WARHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25-4 a. m.

FROM THE MIDDLE STATES AND LOWER LAKES alling barometer, except a temporary ise in the Eastern portion, west winds acking to southwest and southeast winds

and generally clear weather.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, falling barometer, east to south winds, warmer and clear or partly cloudy

CINCINNATI, February 27 .- Larz An-

CINCINSATI, February 27.—Larz Anderson, a prominent capitalist of this city, and a brother of Major Anderson, of Fort Sumter fame, died this morning. In 1834 he married Catherine, daughter of the late Nicholas Longworth.

PARIS, February 27.—Godfrey Brossaiss, the St. Marie Cardinal, and Archbishop of Rennes, is dead. Shot by His Stepson.

EVANSVILLE, February 27.—Commodore D. Cartia, a farmer fifty years old, was shot through the beart and killed at his house near Mt. Vernon, Ind., yesterday, by his stepson, aged thirteen. Cartia was trying to murder his wife, while on a drunken spree, and the boy got a gun and shot him.

Crookedness and Wickedness. New York, February 27.—John G. Avison, engaged in printing felt skirts in Brooklyn, was arrested this morning on suspicion of setting fire to the premises. using a loss to several occupants

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I have at all times in Magazine a large stock of the above celebrated Powder, viz: Rifle, Sporting (in cans), Blasting I will sell at wholesale at manufacturer's

prices. I have Portable Magazines of Sr. Louz, February 27.—The State prohibitation central committee met today, and resolved to call a convention to meet here Junne 6, to nominate a State ticket,